## 3IERAIN 3UEZMNOHDS 2017 JUNE 11-13

## Distributed and Native Optimizations for Machine Learning Workloads

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## \$WhoAml

## Suneel Marthi

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Member of Apache Software Foundation
PMC member on Apache Mahout, Apache OpenNLP, Apache Streams
@suneelmarthi

## Agenda

-What is Apache Mahout?

- Mahout Samsara: Declarative, R-like DSL for Matrix Math
- Distributed SSVD
- EigenFaces
- Integration with Apache Zeppelin
- Solve on CPU, GPU or JVM
-What's Coming Next?


## Intro to Apache Mahout

Apache Mahout is an environment for creating scalable, performant, machine-learning applications

## Apache Mahout provides:

- Mathematically Expressive Scala DSL (Samsara)
- A collection of pre-canned Math and Statistics algorithms
- Interchangeable Distributed Engines (Spark, Flink or use your own)
- Interchangeable "Native Solvers" (JVM, CPU, GPU, CUDA, or write your own!)


## Recent work on the Project

- $\quad$ v 0.13.1 - In the Works - CUDA Solvers, Scala 2.11 support
- $\quad$ v 0.13.0 - Apr 2017 - GPU/CPU Solvers, algo framework
- $\quad$ v 0.12.2 - Nov 2016 - Apache Zeppelin integration for visualization
- $\quad$ v 0.12.0 - Apr 2016 - Apache Flink Backend support
- Feb 2016- New Mahout Book - 'Apache Mahout: Beyond MapReduce’ by Dmitriy Lyubimov and Andrew Palumbo - Feb 2016
- v 0.10.0 - Apr 2015 - Mahout-Samsara vector-math DSL


## Mahout Samsara

## Mahout Samsara

Mahout-Samsara is an easy-to-use domain-specific language (DSL) for large-scale machine learning on distributed systems like Apache Spark/Flink
-Uses Scala as programming/scripting environment -System-agnostic, R-like DSL:

$$
G=B B^{T}-C-C^{T}+\xi^{T} \xi s_{q}^{T} s_{q}
$$

val G = B \%*\% B.t - C - C.t + (ksi dot ksi) * (s_q cross s_q)
-algebraic expression optimizer for distributed linear algebra
-provides a translation layer to distributed engines
-Support for Spark RDDs and Flink DataSets

## Samsara Basics

## Data Types

-Scalar real values

```
val x = 2.367
```

```
val v = dvec(1, 0, 5)
```

val v = dvec(1, 0, 5)
val w =
val w =
svec((0 -> 1)::(2 -> 5)::Nil)
svec((0 -> 1)::(2 -> 5)::Nil)
val A = dense((1, 0, 5),
(2, 1, 4),
(4, 3, 1))

```
-In-memory vectors
    -dense
    -2 types of sparse

\section*{Data Types (contd)}
-Distributed Row Matrices (DRM)
-huge matrix, partitioned by rows
-lives in the main memory of the cluster
-provides small set of parallelized
operations
-lazily evaluated operation execution
```

val drmA = drmDfsRead(...)

```

\section*{Features (1)}
-Matrix, vector, scalar operators:
in-memory, distributed
- Slicing operators
-Assignments (in-memory only)
-Vector-specific
```

drmA %*% drmB
A %*% x
A.t %*% drmB
A * B

```
```

A(5 until 20, 3 until 40)
A(5, ::); A(5, 5)
x(a to b)

```
\(\mathbf{A}(5,::\) ) \(:=\mathbf{x}\)
A * \(=\mathrm{B}\)
A \(-=\) : B; \(1 /:=\mathbf{x}\)
\(\mathbf{x} \operatorname{dot} \mathrm{y} ; \mathbf{x} \operatorname{cross} \mathrm{y}\)

\section*{Features (2)}
-Summaries
-Solving linear systems
-In-memory decompositions
```

A.nrow; x.length; A.colSums; B.rowMeans;
A.norm

```
```

val x = solve(A, b)

```
val (inMemQ, inMemR) \(=q r(i n M e m M)\)
val ch \(=\) chol (inMemM)
val (inMemV, d) = eigen (inMemM)
val (inMemU, inMemV, s) \(=s v d(i n M e m M)\)

\section*{Features (3)}
-Distributed decompositions
```

val (drmQ, inMemR) = thinQR(drmA)
val (drmU, drmV, s) =
dssvd(drmA, k = 50, q = 1)
val drmA_cached = drmA.checkpoint()
drmA_cached.uncache ()

```

\section*{Unary Operators}

\section*{In-Core}
```

mahout> val mxA = dense((1,2,3),(3,4,5))
mxA: org.apache.mahout.math.DenseMatrix =
{
0 => {0:1.0,1:2.0,2:3.0}
1 => {0:3.0,1:4.0,2:5.0}
}

```
mahout> mlog (mxA)
res2: org.apache.mahout.math.Matrix =
\{
    \(0=>\quad\{1: 0.6931471805599453,2: 1.0986122886681098\}\)
    \(1 \Rightarrow \quad\{0: 1.0986122886681098,1: 1.3862943611198906,2: 1.6094379124341003\}\)
\}
mahout> msignum (mxA)
res3: org.apache.mahout.math.Matrix =
\{
\(0 \Rightarrow \quad\{0: 1.0,1: 1.0,2: 1.0\}\)
\(1 \Rightarrow \quad\{0: 1.0,1: 1.0,2: 1.0\}\}\)

\section*{In-Core (Contd)}
```

// add some negative numbers in
mahout> val mxB = dense((-1,2,-3),(-3,4,-5))
mxB: org.apache.mahout.math.DenseMatrix =
{
0=> {0:-1.0,1:2.0,2:-3.0}
1 => {0:-3.0,1:4.0,2:-5.0}
}
mahout> msignum (mxB)
res7: org.apache.mahout.math.Matrix =
{
0 => {0:-1.0,1:1.0,2:-1.0}
1 => {0:-1.0,1:1.0,2:-1.0}
}

```

\section*{Distributed Row Matrix (DRM)}
```

mahout> val drmA = drmParallelize(mxA)
mahout> dlog(drmA).collect
res10: org.apache.mahout.math.Matrix =
{
0 => {1:0.6931471805599453,2:1.0986122886681098}
1 => {0:1.0986122886681098,1:1.3862943611198906,2:1.6094379124341003}
}

```

\section*{Example Algebraic Optimization}

\section*{Runtime \& Optimization}
-Execution is deferred, user composes logical operators
-Computational actions implicitly trigger optimization (= selection of physical plan) and execution
val drmC \(=\) drmA.t \(\% * \%\)
drmA
```

drmI.dfsWrite(path)
val inMemV =(drmU %*% drmM).collect

```
- Optimization factors: size of operands, orientation of operands, partitioning, sharing of computational paths
-e. g.: matrix multiplication:
-5 physical operators for drmA \%*\% drmB
-2 operators for drmA \%*\% inMemA
-1 operator for drm A \%*\% x
-1 operator for \(x \% * \%\) drmA


\section*{Runtime \& Optimization (contd.)}
-Common computational paths \(\quad\left((A+B)^{\prime} \% * \%(A+B)\right.\)-> self-square \((A+B)\)
-Tracking identically partitioned sets ("zip" vs. "join" judgements)
-Tracking data deficiencies
-automatic fixes
-Algebraic cost reducing rewrites (Expr t)t -> Expr
-Unary operator fusion \(\quad \operatorname{dlog}\left(X^{*} X\right)\)-> elementwise-apply \(\left[x=>\log \left(x^{*} x\right)\right]\)
- Elements of cost based optimizations ("slim" vs. "wide")
- Product parallelism decisions
- Explicit and implicit optimization barriers
-control the scope of optimization

\section*{Optimization Example}
-Computation of \(A^{\top} A\) in example
\[
\operatorname{val} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{A} \cdot \mathrm{t} \% * \% \mathrm{~A}
\]

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\[
\text { val } \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{A} \cdot \mathrm{t} \% * \% \mathrm{~A}
\]
-Naïve execution
\(1^{\text {st }}\) pass: transpose A
(requires repartitioning of A )


\section*{Optimization Example}
-Computation of \(\mathrm{A}^{\top} \mathrm{A}\) in example \(\operatorname{val} \mathbf{C}=\mathrm{A} . \mathrm{t} \% * \% \mathrm{~A}\)
-Naïve execution
\(1^{\text {st }}\) pass: transpose A
(requires repartitioning of A )
\(2^{\text {nd }}\) pass: multiply result with \(A\) (expensive, potentially requires repartitioning again)


\section*{Optimization Example}

Computation of \(A^{\top} A\) in example
\[
\operatorname{val} \mathbf{C}=\mathbf{A} . \mathrm{t} \% * \% \mathrm{~A}
\]

Naïve executr
\(1^{\text {st }}\) pass: transpos

\(2^{\text {nd }}\) pass: n matiply result with m (expensive, potentially requires repartitioning again)

Logical optimization
Optimizer rewrites plan to use specialized logical operator for Transpose-Times-Self matrix

\(\qquad\)

\section*{Transpose-Times-Self}
- Mahout Samsara computes \(A^{\top} A\) via row-outer-product formulation
-executes in a single pass over row-partitioned \(A\)
\[
A^{T} A=\sum_{i=0}^{m} a_{i \bullet} a_{i \bullet}{ }^{T}
\]

\section*{Transpose-Times-Self}
-Samsara computes \(\mathrm{A}^{\top} \mathrm{A}\) via row-outer-product formulation
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A^{T} A=\sum_{i=0}^{m} a_{i \bullet} a_{i \bullet}{ }^{T}
\]

A

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\section*{}


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\[
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\]


A

\(a_{2 \bullet}\)
\(a_{2}\)

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\[
A^{T} A=\sum_{i=0}^{m} a_{i} a_{i \bullet}{ }^{T}
\]

\(A^{\top}\)
A
\(a_{1}\).
\(a_{1}\).
\(a_{2 \bullet}\)
\(a_{2}\)
\(a_{3 .}\).
\(a_{3}\).

\section*{Transpose-Times-Self}
-Samsara computes \(A^{\top} A\) via row-outer-product formulation
-executes in a single pass over row-partitioned \(A\)
\[
A^{T} A=\sum_{i=0}^{m} a_{i} a_{i \bullet}{ }^{T}
\]

> A
> \(A^{\top}\)
> \(\begin{aligned} & a_{1 \bullet} \\ & a_{1} \cdot\end{aligned}\)
> \(\begin{aligned} & a_{2 \bullet} \\ & a_{2 \bullet}\end{aligned}\)

\section*{Physical operators for the distributed computation of \(A^{T} A\)}

\section*{Physical operators for Transpose-Times-Self}
-Two physical operators (concrete implementations)
available for Transpose-Times-Self operation
-standard operator AtA
-operator AtA_slim, specialized implementation for tall \& skinny matrices
- Optimizer must choose
-currently: depends on user-defined threshold for number of columns -ideally: cost based decision, dependent on estimates of intermediate result sizes


\section*{Algorithm for AtA, AtB, etc Correlated-Cross-Occurrence}
- Major extension of Cooccurrence Recommender \(r=h A t A\) to include arbitrary Cross-Occurrences with an LLR correlation test
\[
r=h_{a} A t A+h_{b} A t B+h_{b} A t C \ldots
\]
- \(\mathrm{A}=\) conversion history for all users, \(\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}, \ldots=\) interaction history for all users
- \(h_{a}=a\) single user's history of conversion as column vector, \(h_{b}=a\) single user's history of another interaction...
- \(r=\) recommended items from A, even if there is no \(h_{a}\) and this is new!
- Every cross-occurrence is found with AtA operators and tested for correlation with LLR.

Backend Agnostic Programming
／／Imports and creating the distributed context，similar but not exactly the same \(/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /\) ／／I／／／I／I
import org．apache．flink．api．scala．－
import org．apache．mahout．math．drin．－
import org．apache．mahout math．drm．RLikeOrmOps．
import org．apache．mahout．flinkbindings．－
import org．apache．mohout．math．
import scalabindings．
import RLikeOps．

\section*{mplicit val ctx＝new FlinkDistributedContext（benv）}
 ／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／
val drmData \(=\) drmParallelize（dense（
（2，2，10．5，10，29．509541），／／Apple Cinnamon Cheerios
（1，2，12，12，18．042851），／／Cap＇n＇Crunch
（1，1，12，13，22．736446），／／Cocoa Puffs
（2，1，11，13，32．207582），／／Froot Loops
（1，2，12，11，21．871292），／／Honey Graham Ohs
\((2,1,16,8,36.187559)\) ，／／Wheaties Honey Gol
（2，1，16，8， 36.187599 ），／／meaties Honey Gold
\((6,2,17,1,50.664999)\)／／Cheerios
\((3,3,13,4,45.811716)\) ），numpartitions \(=2\) ）
drm0ata．collect（：：， 0 until 4）
val drmX＝drmData（：：， 0 until 4）
val \(\mathrm{y}=\) drmData．collect（：：，4）
val \(d r m x+x=d r m x, t\) s．\(x^{\circ}\) drmX
val drmXty \(=d r m X, t\) s．\(\%\)
val \(\mathrm{XtX}=\mathrm{drnXtx}\) ．collect
val Xty＝drnXty．collect（：\(: 1,0)\)
val beta \(=\) solve（ X tX，Xty）
／Imports and creating the distributed context，similar but not exactly the same／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／） ／1／1／／1／

\section*{mport org ．apache．mahout．math．}
mport org．apache．mahout．math．scalabindings．
import org apache ．mahout，math．drm．－
import org．apache．mahout．moth．scalabindings．RLikeOps．＿
mport org．apache．mahout．nath．drm．RLikeDrm0ps．
mport org．apache．mahout．sparkbindings．
implicit val sdc：org，apache．mahout，sparkbindings．SparkDistributedContext \(=\) sc2sdc（sc）
 ／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／／
val drmData＝drmParallelize（dense（
（2，2，10．5，10，29．509541），／／Apple Cinnamon Cheerios
（1，2，12，12，18．042851），／／Cap＇n＇Crunch
（1，1，12，13，22．736446），／／Cocoa Puffs
（2，1，11，13，32．207582），／／Froot Loops
（1，2，12，11，21．871292），／／Honey Graham Ohs
\((2,1,16,8,36.187559)\) ，／／Wheaties Honey Gold
（6，2，17，1，50．764999），／／Cheerios
（ \(6,2,17,1,50.664999\) ），／／Cheerios
\((3,3,13,4,45.811716)\) ），numpartitions \(=2)\)
drmbata．collect（：：， 0 until 4）
val drmX＝drmDato（：：， 0 until 4
val \(y=\) drmData．collect（：：，4）

val \(d m \mathrm{mXty}=\mathrm{dmX}, \mathrm{t} \%{ }^{*} \% \mathrm{y}\)
val XtX \(=\) drmXtX．collect
val Xty＝drmXty．collect（：\(:\) ，0）
val beta \(=\) solve（XtX，Xty）

\section*{Distributed SSVD}

\section*{Stochastic SVD (SSVD)}

Given a large matrix A, compute reduced \(k\)-rank SVD such that \(A=\) UEV
```

U = Left Singular Vectors
V = Right Singular Vectors
E = Diagonal Matrix with decaying singular values

```

Singular Vectors sorted in decreasing order of the corresponding singular values

See Nathan Halko's Dissertation https://amath.colorado.edu/faculty/martinss/Pubs/2012 halko dissertation. pdf

\section*{Distributed SSVD (DSSVD) inputs}
```

mahout> val (drmU, drmV, s) = dssvd(drmA, k = 90, p = 15, q = 0)
drmA = Input DRM
k = requested decompostion rank
p = oversampling parameter (default = 15)
q = number of power iterations to run (q >= 0)
Typical q values are 0 or 1.

```
Note: \(k, p\) must satisfy the rqmt that \(k+p<=r a n k(A)\)
    Upper bound of \(\operatorname{rank}(A)=\min (d r m A . n r o w s, ~ d r m A . n c o l s)\)

\section*{EigenFaces}
- Set of Eigenvectors used for Human Face Recognition (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eigenface)
- Smaller set of images to represent original training images by dimensionality reduction
- Small set of images data to represent many different images
- Trained images are represented as collection of weights
- Classify new images by Nearest-neighbor computation

\section*{Faces in the Wild Dataset}

Images alligned by Funnelings，credit Learning to Allign Faces from Scratch Gary B．Huang and Marwan Mattar and Honglak Lee and Erik Learned－Miller
Webpage of dataset
Dataset statistics：
－13，233 Images
－Each image centered on face， \(250 \times 250\) pixels
－side on disk：162M decompressed
Took 2 sec ．Last updated by anonymous at November 14 2016，9：15：19 AM．

\section*{Download Faces Data}

It is worth taking a moment to set shell．command．timeout．millisecs in the sh interpreter to 600000 Took 0 sec．Last updated by anonymous at November 13 2016，9：34：13 PM．（outdated）

\section*{Download Faces Data}
\％sh
mkdir－p zeppelin－0．7．0－SNAPSHOT／webapps／webapp／eigenfaces／input
wget http：／／vis－www．cs．umass．edu／lfw／lfw－deepfunneled．tgz
tar－xzf lfw－deepfunneled．tgz


\section*{Put Faces Data in HDFS}

\％sh
hdfs dfs－put／home／guest／lfw－deepfunneled／tmp／lfw－deepfunneled

Took 2 min 17 sec ．Last updated by anonymous at November 10 2016，10：15：25 AM．（outdated）

eigenfaces/Joel_Gallen_0001.jpg




eigenfaces/Kevin_Marshall_0001.jpg



\section*{Add Image Processing Dependencies}

\section*{\％sparkMahout．dep}
z．load（＂com．sksamuel．scrimage：scrimage－core＿2．10：2．1．0＂）
z．load（＂com．sksamuel．scrimage：scrimage－io－extra＿2．10：2．1．0＂）
z．load（＂com．sksamuel．scrimage：scrimage－filters＿2．10：2．1．0＂）
／／add EXPERIMENTAL mahout algos
／／https：／／github．com／rawkintrevo／mahout／tree／mahout－1856／algos
z．load（＂／home／guest／mahout－algos＿2．10－0．12．3－SNAPSHOT．jar＂）
DepInterpreter（\％dep）deprecated．Load dependency through GUI interpreter menu instead DepInterpreter（\％dep）deprecated．Load dependency through GUI interpreter menu instead． DepInterpreter（\％dep）deprecated．Load dependency through GUI interpreter menu instead． DepInterpreter（\％dep）deprecated．Load dependency through GUI interpreter menu instead． res3：org．apache．zeppelin．dep．Dependency＝org．apache．zeppelin．dep．Dependency＠469e2d6c Took 19 sec．Last updated by anonymous at November 13 2016，9：55：35 PM．

\section*{Setup Mahout Context}

\section*{\％sparkMahout．spark}
import org．apache．mahout．math．－
import org．apache．mahout．math．scalabindings．＿
import org．apache．mahout．math．drm．
import org．apache．mahout．math．scalabindings．RLikeOps．＿
import org．apache．mahout．math．drm．RLikeDrmOps．＿
import org．apache．mahout．sparkbindings．＿
＠transient implicit val sdc：org．apache．mahout．sparkbindings．SparkDistributedContext＝sc2sdc（sc）
import org．apache．mahout．math．＿

\section*{Create DRM of Vectorized Images}
```

%sparkMahout.spark
import com.sksamuel.scrimage._
import com.sksamuel.scrimage.filter.GrayscaleFilter
val imagesRDD:DrmRdd[Int] = sc.binaryFiles("/tmp/lfw-deepfunneled/*/*")
.map(o => new DenseVector( Image.apply(o._2.toArray)
.filter(GrayscaleFilter)
.pixels
.map(p => p.toInt.toDouble / 10000000)
) )
.zipWithIndex
.map(o => (o._2.toInt, o._1))
val imagesDRM = drmWrap(rdd= imagesRDD).par(min = 500).checkpoint()
println(s"Dataset: \${imagesDRM.nrow} images, \${imagesDRM.ncol} pixels per image")
import com.sksamuel.scrimage._
import com.sksamuel.scrimage.filter.GrayscaleFilter
imagesRDD: org.apache.mahout.sparkbindings.DrmRdd[Int] = MapPartitionsRDD[3] at map at <console>:64
imagesDRM: org.apache.mahout.math.drm.CheckpointedDrm[Int] = org.apache.mahout.sparkbindings.drm.CheckpointedDrm\leqq
Dataset: }13233\mathrm{ images, }62500\mathrm{ pixels per image

```

\section*{Subtract Means Column-wise}
\%sparkMahout.spark
import org.apache.mahout.algos.transformer.SubtractMean
// Subtract Mean transforms each row by subtracting the column mean val smTransformer = new SubtractMean()
smTransformer.fit(imagesDRM) // calculuates the column mean
val smImages = smTransformer.transform(imagesDRM) // return new DRM of subtracted means
smImages.checkpoint()
import org.apache.mahout.algos.transformer.SubtractMean
smTransformer: org.apache.mahout.algos.transformer.SubtractMean = org.apache.mahout.algos.transformer. smImages: org.apache.mahout.math.drm.DrmLike[Int] = OpMapBlock(org.apache.mahout.sparkbindings.drm.Che res2: org.apache.mahout.math.drm.CheckpointedDrm[Int] = org.apache.mahout.sparkbindings.drm.Checkpoint

Took 42 min 22 sec . Last updated by anonymous at November 13 2016, 10:41:57 PM.

\section*{Mahout Distributed SSVD to get Eigenfaces}
\%sparkMahout.spark
import org.apache.mahout.math._
import decompositions._
import drm._
\(\operatorname{val}(\mathrm{drmU}, \mathrm{drmV}, \mathrm{s})=\mathrm{dssvd}(\mathrm{smImages}, \mathrm{k}=20, \mathrm{p}=15, \mathrm{q}=0)\)
import org.apache.mahout.math._
import decompositions._
import drm._
drmU: org.apache.mahout.math.drm.DrmLike[Int] =
OpMapBlock(OpTimesRightMatrix(org.apache.mahout.sparkbindings.drm.CheckpointedDrmSpc \(0=\quad\{0: 0.4235322348619768,1: 0.15420057798333225,2:-0.03750730155382105,3: 0.1415<\) 2886395335518,9:-0.027526698307401825,10:0.25020315771392226,11:-0.0622438175216168، \(26167920899813,17: 0.2011202856946398,18: 0.11507386925972764,19:-0.19242034576076034\) \(1 \Rightarrow\{0: 0.2045766356054534,1:-0.017560474010311352,2: 0.15352410435078737,3:-0.11\) i

\footnotetext{
Took 1 hrs 1 min 48 sec. Last updated by anonymous at November 13 2016, 11:35:42 PM.
}

\section*{Write Eigenfaces to Disk}
```

%sparkMahout.spark
import java.io.File
import javax.imageio.ImageIO
val sampleImagePath = "/home/guest/lfw-deepfunneled/Aaron_Eckhart/Aaron_Eckhart_0001.jpg"
val sampleImage = ImageIO.read(new File(sampleImagePath))
val w = sampleImage.getWidth
val h = sampleImage.getHeight
val eigenFaces = drmV.t.collect(::,::)
val colMeans = smImages.colMeans
for (i <- 0 until 20){
val v = (eigenFaces(i, ::) + colMeans) * 10000000
val output = new Array[com.sksamuel.scrimage.Pixel](v.size)
for (i <- 0 until v.size) {
output(i) = Pixel(v.get(i).toInt)
}
val image = Image(w, h, output)
image.output(new File(s"/home/guest/zeppelin-0.7.0-SNAPSHOT/webapps/webapp/eigenfaces/\${i}.png"))
}

```

\section*{A little python to create an HTML table of our Eigenfaces}





\section*{Plotting in Mahout - Apache} Zeppelin
```

val maxSample = 1000 // Note there is a setting for this in Zepplein, that is by default 1000 (max.results).
val drm1000Sampled = drmSampleKRows(drmPoints, maxSample, replacement = false)
val drm5000Sampled = drmSampleKRows(drmPoints, 5* maxSample, replacement = false)
val drm10000Sampled = drmSampleKRows(drmPoints, 10 * maxSample, replacement = false)
maxSample: Int = 1000
drm1000Sampled: org.apache.mahout.math.Matrix =
{
0 => {0:2.5711533907282864,1:3.3985775949011963,2:1.8284546624238976E-5}
1 => {0:-0.5849668540131455,1:0.008078750346618811,2:0.13397645857511886}
2 => {0:-0.5322766038520063,1:0.2591761531093102,2:0.13348013659591368}
3 > {0:1.4728661457904864,1:-2.858981586079829,2:9.026288048664696E-4}
4 => {0:-1.0669267542210157,1:-0.9975250697214353,2:0.054595594073650874}
5 => {0:2.190375803711219,1:0.10769738990367872,2:0.01443187324573094}
6 => {0:-2.322801014520712,1:3.2169688654260145,2:6.064867349000867E-5}
7 => {0:0.9564289803558209,1:0.020272550397296755,2:0.10089785428577039}
8 => {0:-3.1547596994595444,1:2.8778564830191375,2:1.7426370513352694E-5}
9 => {0:-1.8361745541885914,1:1.9873637471279224,2:0.004089036909448981}
... }
drm5000Sampled: org.apache.mahout.math.Matrix =
{
0 => {0:-1.55955426611664,1:-2.877697279171333,2:7.458223045528731E-4}

```

Took 8 seconds. Last updated by anonymous at time Jun 1, 2016 4:23:29 PM. (outdated)
```

z.put("mahout1000Table", matrix2table(drm1000Sampled))
z.put("mahout5000Table", matrix2table(drm5000Sampled))
z.put("mahout10000Table", matrix2table(drm10000Sampled))

```

Took 22 seconds. Last updated by anonymous at time Jun 1, 2016 3:51:02 PM.

\section*{\%r}
\# Sometimes this works, sometimes not. If not open up R and install this package the old fasioned way...
install.packages("plot3D", repos='http://cran.us.r-project.org')
The downloaded source packages are in
'/tmp/RtmpKKRPnfz/downloaded_packages'
Took 7 seconds. Last updated by anonymous at time Jun 1, 2016 3:52:16 PM. (outdated)
dfStr = z.get("mahout1000Table")
data <- read.table(text= dfStr, sep=" \(\backslash t\) ", header=TRUE) colnames(data)
points3D(data\$col1, data\$col2, data\$col3)
"col1 " COL 2 " col 3

dfStr = z.get("mahout5000Table")
data <- read.table(text= dfStr, sep="\t", header=TRUE)
colnames(data)
points3D(data\$col1, data\$col2, data\$col3)
"col1" col 2 " col 3

dfStr = z.get("mahout10000Table")
data <- read.table(text= dfStr, sep=" \(\backslash t\) ", header=TRUE) colnames(data)
points3D(data\$col1, data\$col2, data\$col3)
"col1 " COL 2 " Col 3

\%spark
var str \(={ }^{n n}\)
//println("matrix collected")
for (i <- 0 until mPlotMatrix.numRows()) \{
//println("i: " + i.toString)
for ( j <- 0 until mPlotMatrix.numCols()) \{
str += mPlotMatrix(i, j)
if (j <= mPlotMatrix.numCols() - 2) \{ str += "\t" \}
\}
str \(+=\) " \(\backslash n "\)
\}
val tableStr \(=\) "col1 \tcol2\n"+ str println("\%table\n"+tableStr)



\footnotetext{
Took 1 seconds. Last updated by anonymous at time Jun 1, 2016 4:09:07 PM. (outdated)
}


All fields:
col1 COL 2



\section*{Solve on CPU, GPU or JVM}

drmA \%*\% drmB.t


With GPU Integration, the Mahout syntax will not change at all.

\section*{Initial benchmarking on latest release}
- Sparse MMul at geometry of \(1000 \times 1000 \% * \% 1000 \times 1000\) density \(=0.2\), with 5 runs

Mahout JVM Sparse multiplication time: 1501 ms
Mahout jCUDA Sparse multiplication time: 49 ms

\section*{30x speedup}
- Sparse MMul at geometry of \(1000 \times 1000 \% * \% 1000 \times 1000\) density \(=.02\), with 5 runs Mahout JVM Sparse multiplication time: 34 ms Mahout jCUDA Sparse multiplication time: 4 ms

\section*{8.5x speedup}
- Sparse MMul at geometry of \(1000 \times 1000 \% * \% 1000 \times 1000\) density \(=.002\), with 5 runs Mahout JVM Sparse multiplication time: 1 ms Mahout jCUDA Sparse multiplication time: 1 ms

\section*{Credits}
- Anand Avati
- Andrew Musselman
- Andrew Palumbo
- Dmitriy Lyubimov
- Nathan Halko
- Frank Scholten
- Pat Ferrel
- Sebastian Schelter
- Trevor D. Grant
- Suneel Marthi
- Alexey Grigorev
- Lucas Schelter
- Ted Dunning
- Zeno Gantner
- Isabel Drost-Fromm
- Drew Farris
- Grant Ingersoll
- Benson Margulies
- Shannon Quinn
- Stevo Slavic
- Gokhan Capan
- Dan Filimon
- Ellen Friedman
- Tom Pierce
- Robin Anil
- Jim Benson
- Paritosh Ranjan

\section*{Pointers}
- Apache Mahout has extensive documentation on Samsara
-http://mahout.apache.org/users/environment/in-core-reference.html
-https://mahout.apache.org/users/environment/out-of-core-reference.html
- Mahout Committer, Dmitriy Lyubimov's Blog -http://www.weatheringthroughtechdays.com/2015/04/mahout-010x-first-ma hout-release-as.html
- Trevor Grant's Blog -
https://rawkintrevo.org/2016/05/19/visualizing-apache-mahout-in-r-via-ap ache-zeppelin-incubating/

\section*{Contact Us}

\section*{Mailing Lists}
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\section*{Thank you. Questions?}```

